

## AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:

*Please replace paragraph [0003] of the substitute specification with the following paragraph.*

[0003] In other words, scan electrodes  $SCN_1, SCN_3, \dots SCN_{2M-1}$  in odd-numbered rows extend out to the left side of panel 1 and are connected to a scan electrode driving circuit 2a which drives these scan electrodes. Sustain electrodes  $SUS_1, SUS_3, \dots SUS_{2M-1}$  in odd-numbered rows extend out to the right side of panel 1 and are connected to a sustain electrode driving circuit 3a which drives these sustain electrodes. Scan electrodes  $SCN_2, SCN_4, \dots SCN_{2M}$  in even-numbered rows extend out to the right side of panel 1 and are connected to scan electrode driving circuit 2b which drives these scan electrodes. Sustain electrodes  $SUS_2, SUS_4, \dots SUS_{2M}$  in even-numbered rows extend out to the left side of panel 1 and are connected to sustain electrode driving circuit 3b which drives these sustain electrodes. Data electrodes  $D_1, \dots D_N$  extend out to the upside of panel 1 and are connected to a data electrode driving circuit 4 for driving the data electrodes.

*Please replace paragraph [0006] of the substitute specification with the following paragraph.*

[0006] For preventing the electromagnetic wave from being radiated out of the panel, it is considered that all scan electrodes  $SCN_1 - SCN_{2M}$  and sustain electrodes  $SUS_1 - SUS_{2M}$  extend out in the same direction, such as on the left side of the panel, for example, and are connected to the scan electrode driving circuit and the sustain electrode driving circuit, respectively. In this case, currents which are the same in amplitude run reversely through the scan electrode and the sustain electrode in each row, and thus the electromagnetic waves generated by reversely running currents therefore cancel each other. As a result, the electromagnetic waves are not radiated out of the panel.